Understanding

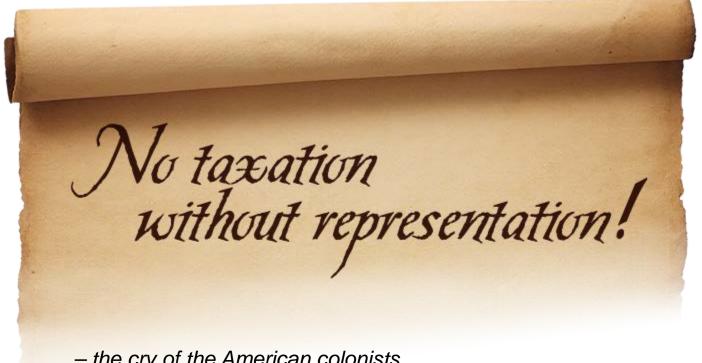




Theme 2: Taxes in U.S. History



No Taxation Without Representation



the cry of the American colonists

Taxes and Early Civilization



60 1057 212 1404

Taxation in the Constitution



1781 1788 1787





1791 1794



War of 1812



1812

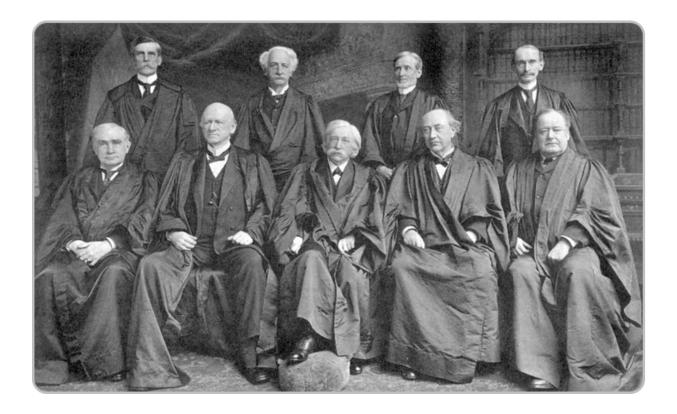
1815

Protective Tariff



1816 1828 1833 | 1824 | 1832 |

Civil War Income Tax



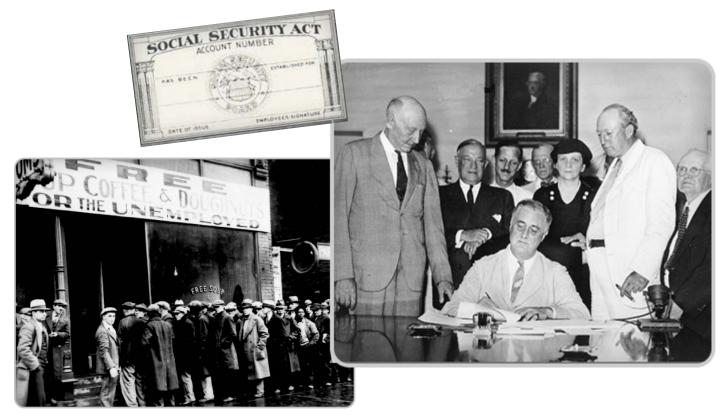
1862 1894 1892 1895

1913 Sixteenth Amendment



Early 1900's 1913

Social Security Act of 1935



1929

1935



Victory Tax of 1942

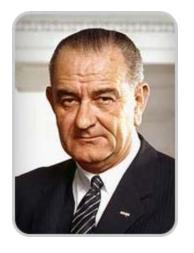


1942 1945

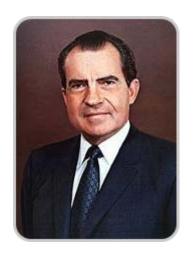
> 2014 AD



Tax Reform



1964—As a way to boost a sagging economy, a tax cut by the Johnson Administration allowed taxpayers to have more money to spend on consumer goods.



1969—Nixon's Tax Reform Act of 1969 closed loopholes used by the rich, and gave exemptions and tax cuts to lower-income groups.



1986—The Tax Reform Act of 1986 reduced and simplified taxes.



1997—The Tax Reform Act of 1997 made more than 800 changes to the existing tax code.

1964 1986 | 1969 | 1997

2014 AD





Theme 2: Taxes in U.S. History

Tax Reform



2009—President Obama signed the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 on February 17. The Recovery Act's three main goals are to: create and save jobs, spur economic activity and invest in long-term economic growth, and foster accountability and transparency in government spending. The plan includes many federal tax cuts and incentives, including cutting taxes for 129 million working households by providing an \$800 Making Work Pay tax credit.

2009

2014 AD

