## **Income Quick Reference Guide**

This list is a quick reference and volunteers should refer to Publication 17 for more information. Don't rely on this list alone. **Some of the income items on this chart are Out of Scope for VITA/TCE.** Review the Scope of Service chart to identify Out of Scope items. Refer taxpayers with Out of Scope income to a professional tax preparer. Confirm that all income received by the taxpayer has been discussed and shown on the return, if required. To determine taxability at the state level, check with your state's department of revenue.

## Table A – Examples of Taxable Income

(Examples of income to consider when determining whether a return must be filed or if a person meets the gross income test for qualifying relative)

Wages, salaries, bonuses, commissions

Alimony (for divorce before 2019,

see How/Where to Enter Income, later)

**Annuities** 

Awards

Back pay

Breach of contract payment

Business income/Self-employment income

Cash income

Compensation for personal services

Canceled debts<sup>1</sup> Director's fees

Disability benefits (employer-funded)

Discounts Dividends

Employee awards Employee bonuses Estate and trust income

Farm income

Fees

Gains from sale of property or securities

Gambling winnings Hobby income

Interest

Interest on life insurance dividends

IRA distributions Jury duty fees

Military pay (not exempt from taxation)

Military pension

Nonemployee compensation

Notary fees

Partnership, Estate and S-Corporation income

(Schedule K-1s, Taxpayer's share)

Pensions

**Prizes** 

Punitive damage award

Railroad retirement—Tier I (portion may be taxable)

Railroad retirement—Tier II

Recovery of prior year deduction<sup>2</sup> (medical,

property taxes, etc.)

Refunds of State and local income tax (if

Rents (gross rent) Rewards Royalties Severance pay

reportable)2

Self-employment (gross income)

Social security benefits - portion may be taxable -

(See Tab D, Income, Railroad Retirement, Civil Service, and

Social Security Benefits)

Supplemental unemployment benefits

Taxable scholarships and grants

Tips and gratuities

Tribal per capita payments
Unemployment compensation

## Table B - Examples of Nontaxable Income

(Examples of income items to exclude when determining whether a return must be filed)

Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC)

Child support

Civil damages, restitution or other monetary award paid to someone because that person was wrongfully incarcerated

Damages for physical injury (other than punitive)

Death payments

Dividends on life insurance Economic Impact Payment

Employer reimbursements for ordinary or necessary actual

Federal Employees' Compensation Act payments

Federal income tax refunds

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Inheritance<sup>3</sup> or bequest

Insurance proceeds (Accident, Casualty, Health, Life)

Interest on tax-free securities

Interest on EE/I bonds redeemed for qualified

higher education expenses

Meals and lodging for the convenience of employer Olympic and Paralympic Games medals and prizes<sup>4</sup> Payments to the beneficiary of a deceased employee

Payments in lieu of worker's compensation

Qualified Medicaid waiver payments

Relocation payments

Rebate/Patronage Dividends issued by co-ops for

personal use are not taxable Rental less than 15 days<sup>5</sup>

Rental allowance of clergyman

Reverse mortgages

Sickness and injury payments

Social security benefits - portion may not be taxable

(See Tab D, Income, Railroad Retirement, Civil Service, and Social Security Benefits)

Supplemental Security Income (SSI)

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)

Veterans' benefits

Welfare payments (including TANF) and food stamps Worker's compensation and similar payments

## Footnotes

- <sup>1</sup> If the taxpayer received a Form 1099-C, Cancellation of Debt, in relation to their main home, it can be nontaxable
- <sup>2</sup> If itemized in year paid and taxes were reduced because of deduction
- 3An inheritance isn't reported on the income tax return, but a distribution from an inherited pension or annuity is subject to the same tax as the original owner would have had to pay
- <sup>4</sup>The exclusion does not apply to a taxpayer for any year in which the taxpayer's AGI exceeds \$1 million (or \$500,000 for an individual filing a MFS return)
- <sup>5</sup>If you use a dwelling unit as a home and you rent it less than 15 days during the year, you are not required to report the rental income and rental expenses from this activity. See Publication 527, Residential Rental Property. (Military Certification only)