

Publication 1321 (October 2023)

Special Instructions For Bona Fide Residents Of Puerto Rico Who Must File A U.S. Individual Income Tax Return (Form 1040 or Form 1040-SR)

If you are a bona fide resident of Puerto Rico who will file a U.S. Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, and claim an exclusion for income earned in Puerto Rico, you will have to make certain adjustments on your return. These special instructions explain the adjustments, and how to make them on your return.

Bona Fide Residents of Puerto Rico: Generally, you are a bona fide resident of Puerto Rico if during the tax year, you:

- Meet the presence test
- Do not have a tax home outside Puerto Rico, and
- Do not have a closer connection to the United States or to a foreign country than to Puerto Rico.

Publication 570 discusses these requirements and provides information on the special rules that apply in the year you are moving to or from Puerto Rico.

Who Must File

In general, section 933 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code requires that U.S. citizens who are bona fide residents of Puerto Rico during the entire taxable year, but who receive income from sources outside Puerto Rico and/or receive income as a civilian or military employee of the U.S. Government in Puerto Rico, must file a U.S. Federal income tax return. The income you receive from Puerto Rico sources is not subject to U.S. income tax. Because some of the income is exempt (under Code section 933) a part of the itemized deductions or a part of the standard deduction amount on your U.S. return must be allocated to that exempt income. This computation must be made before you can determine if you must file a U.S. tax return, because the minimum income level at which you must file a return is based on the standard deduction for your particular filing status. Use the following worksheet to modify standard deduction and to determine if you have to file a U.S. income tax return:

1.	Enter STANDARD DEDUCTION If your filing status is (see caution below)	1	
	Single	under 65 enter \$13,850	
		65 or older enter \$15,700	
	Married filing jointly	both under 65 enter \$27,700	
		one 65 or older enter \$29,200	
		both 65 or older enter \$30,700	
		l ————	
	Head of household	under 65 enter \$20,800	
		65 or older enter \$22,650	
	Qualifying Surviving Spouse	under 65 enter \$27,700	
		65 or older enter \$29,200	
	Married filing separately	See note after line 2d below.	
	AUTION: If someone can claim you as a depension of the community of the AUTION of Form 1040 or Form 1040-S	pendent, enter amount from the Standard Deduction Worksheet in SR, as applicable.	
2.	Allowable portion of STANDARD DEDUCT	TION	
	a. Gross income subject to U.S. tax (include taxable social security benefits); use Worksheet 1 of Pub. 915 to compute your taxable social security benefits)		
	b. Total gross income from all sources (including exempt P.R. Income)		
	c. Divide line 2a by line 2b	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	d. Adjusted filing requirement: Multiply STA	ANDARD DEDUCTION (line 1) by	

You must file a return if your gross income subject to U.S. tax (line 2a) is equal to or more than your adjusted filing requirement (line 2d). If you are married filing a separate return, you must file a return if your gross income subject to U.S. tax is equal to or more than \$5.

Source Of Income

The source of income is important in determining if the income may be excluded under section 933 of the Internal Revenue Code. The table below describes the general rules for determining the source of your income:

Example Of Source Of Income Rules

Item of Income	Factor Determining Source
Salaries and other compensation	Where the service is performed
Social Security Benefits	*U.S. Source income by definition (IRC Sec. 861)
Pensions:	
Contributions	Where services were performed that earned the pension
Investment earnings	Where pension trust is located
Interest	Residence of the payer
Dividends	Location of payer
Rents	Location of property
Royalties:	
Natural resources	Location of property
Patents, copyrights, etc	Where the property is used
Sale of real property	Location of property
Sale of personal property	**Seller's tax home (but see Special Rules for Gains From Dispositions of Certain Property for exceptions)
Investment Company (RIC)	Residence of shareholder
Unemployment Compensation	For U.S. income tax purposes, generally the source of income is where the taxpayer performed the underlying services.

Special Rules

Caution: *Bona Fide Residents of Puerto Rico should use Publication 915 to determine how much of their Social Security Benefits may be taxable.

Caution: **There are special rules for gains from dispositions of certain investment property (for example, stocks, bonds, debt instruments, diamonds, and gold) owned by a U.S. citizen or resident alien prior to becoming a bona fide resident of a possession. For additional details see Publication 570.

Deductions

It is important to remember that deductions which apply to your exempt Puerto Rico income are not deductible on your Federal income tax return.

The deduction for personal exemption is suspended (reduced to \$0) for tax years 2018 through 2025 by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act.

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a. Gross income subject to U.S. tax	a. Gross income subject to U.S.	tax	26,000
b. Total gross income from all sources (including exempt P.R. income)			
c. Divide line 2a by line 2b	b. Total gross income from all se		.6341
 d. Multiply Standard Deduction (line 1) by line 2c and enter this amount on Form 1040, line 12 (allowable portion of STANDARD DEDUCTION) 17,565 			

Itemized Deductions

Deductions that do not specifically apply to a particular income item must be allocated between your gross income subject to U.S. tax and your total gross income from all other sources. Examples of such deductions that do not apply to a particular type of income are medical expenses, charitable contributions, real estate taxes and mortgage interest on your personal residence. To find the part of the deduction that is allowable, you must apportion those items that do not apply to any specific type of income based on the ratio that your gross income subject to Federal tax bears to gross income from all sources.

EXAMPLE: You and your spouse, both under 65, are U.S. citizens and bona fide residents of Puerto Rico for the entire vear. You file a joint return. This year you earned \$24,000 from Puerto Rico sources and your spouse earned \$96,000 from the U.S. Government. You have \$42,250 of itemized deductions that do not apply to any specific type of income. These are medical expenses (doctor's fees) \$11,000, real estate taxes \$10,000, home mortgage interest of \$16,250, and charitable deductions of \$5,000 (cash contributions). You apportion deductions for your Federal tax return as follows: multiply the deduction to be allocated by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is your gross income subject to Federal tax and the denominator is your total gross income from all sources (including exempt Puerto Rico income).

> gross income subject to Federal tax Formula: **x** deduction = allowable portion of deduction gross income from all sources

SCHEDULE A — Itemized Deductions should be modified as shown in the sample below:

Medical Expenses (doctor's fees) $$96,000 \times $11,000 = $8,800$ (Enter on line 1 of Schedule A.) \$120,000

Real Estate Taxes

 $$96,000 \times $10,000 = $8,000$ (Enter on line 5b of Schedule A.) \$120,000

Home Mortgage Interest

 $$96,000 \times $16,250 = $13,000$ (Enter on line 8 of Schedule A.) \$120,000

Charitable deduction (cash contributions) $$96,000 \times $5,000 = $4,000$ (Enter on line 11 of Schedule A.) \$120,000

NOTE: Enter on Schedule A only the allowable portion of each deduction.

Qualified Business Income Deduction

Bona fide residents of Puerto Rico cannot take the Qualified Business Income Deduction related to their Puerto Rico source self-employment income they are excluding under Sec. 933.

Caution: You cannot take any deductions from Part II of Schedule 1 (Adjustments to Income) directly related to exempt Puerto Rico Income. For example, you cannot deduct one-half of self-employment tax (Schedule SE) if you are excluding your self-employment income (Schedule C). Adjustments to income which are not directly related to exempt Puerto Rico income must be allocated using the formula for allocating the standard deduction shown above.

Credits

Caution: Exempt Puerto Rico source income must be included in gross income when calculating income limits for certain credits. It is important to remember that credits which apply to your exempt Puerto Rico income are not allowed on your Federal income tax return.

American Opportunity Tax Credit

Bona fide residents of Puerto Rico will receive the refundable part of this credit from the Puerto Rico Treasury Department.

Foreign Tax Credit

If you are claiming a credit for taxes paid or accrued to Puerto Rico and you have income from P.R. sources not taxable on the Federal tax return, you must reduce your foreign taxes paid or accrued by the taxes allocable to exempt income. To find the amount allocable to the exempt income, multiply the taxes paid or accrued to Puerto Rico by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the exempt income (under IRC 933) from P.R. sources less deductible expenses allocable to that income. The denominator is the total amount of income subject to P.R. tax less deductible expenses allocable to that income.

Formula to calculate the Reduction in Foreign Taxes:

Income from P.R. sources not subject to Federal tax less deductible expenses allocable to that income

Formula: Total income subject to Puerto Rico tax less

Total income subject to Puerto Rico tax less deductible expenses allocable to that income

x Tax paid or accrued to Puerto Rico

Example: John and Mary are bona fide residents of Puerto Rico filing jointly. John works for the Federal Government and received salary of \$42,000 during 2023. Mary works for private industry and received salary of \$18,000. Total taxes paid to Puerto Rico: \$3,010.

 $$18,000 \times $3,010 = $903 =$ taxes allocable to excluded income. (Enter on Form 1116, Part III, line 12 "Reduction in foreign taxes".) \$60,000

Child Tax Credit

Special rules apply to bona fide residents of Puerto Rico claiming the additional child tax credit. See the instructions for form 8812.

Earned Income Tax Credit

Bona fide residents of Puerto Rico cannot claim the Earned Income Tax Credit.

Reporting a Change in Bona Fide Residence

Taxpayers who begin or end bona fide residence in a U.S. possession during the tax year (when their worldwide gross income is more than \$75,000) may need to file IRS Form 8898, Statement for Individuals Who Begin or End Bona Fide Residence in a U.S. Possession. Mail Form 8898 separately from your tax return by the due date (including extensions) for filing Form 1040. If you are required to file Form 8898 for any tax year and you fail to file it, you may owe a penalty of \$1,000.

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